

## English



In English, we will be reading the Titanic Detective Agency by Lindsay Littleton. Set aboard the RMS Titanic on its maiden voyage, this historical mystery follows 12-year-old Bertha Watt, who dreams of adventure. When she befriends another girl onboard, the pair set up a “detective agency” to solve a secretive family mystery and help a boy with a puzzling map.

We will be using this text to consider what life aboard the Titanic was like. We will write persuasive texts to advertise both First and Third Class. We will learn to use persuasive devices such as; hyperbole, repetition and alliteration.

We will then move on to writing descriptive narratives about the moment the Titanic started to go down. We will focus on developing cohesion within a text, using a variety of sentence structures for effect and using a range of punctuation accurately.



## PSHE

In PSHE, we will be considering how to keep ourselves safe. We will look at how to keep ourselves both online and offline, how to assess risk and the dangers of smoking, vaping and drugs.

## RE and World Views

In RE we will be exploring diversity within Christianity. We will look at the festival Pentecost, the importance of the Roman Catholic and Orthodox Church. We will also explore the role of The Salvation Army.



# Hawks Class Topic Map



## Science

In science we will be exploring Evolution and inheritance. Children will explore how living things have changed over time and how characteristics are passed from parents to offspring. They will learn that offspring are not identical to their parents, but inherit many features from them. The children will be introduced to the work of scientists such as Charles Darwin, who developed the theory of evolution by natural selection after studying living things from around the world.



## PE

We are excited to be performing in the Chippenham Dance Festival in the first week back. We will then switch our focus to ball skills and agility building our netball skills



## Art/DT

In art we will look at the artist Ken Marshall. A American artist famed for his historic Titanic paintings We will learn to draw using one point perspective to create life like interpretations of the ship



## Maths

This term in maths we will continue to practice our arithmetic skills securing our written and mental methods and ensuring we choose the most efficient method.

We will complete our unit on calculating fractions and then move onto fractions, decimals and percentages. This is a large part of the UKS2 curriculum and often forms a large part of the year 6 SATS. Finally we will look at a measurement unit and develop our skills converting units of measure.



## Music

In music we are exploring electronic dance music learning about looping and mixing. Pupils will use body percussion to create a simple loop rhythm and then explore how sounds can be layered using loops. We will then use glockenspiels to practice looping and then continue to build our skills of remixing.



## History

We will immerse ourselves in all aspects of Titanic history. From chronology and timelines to examining sources of evidence. We will learn when and where it was built and explore some of the features that made this ship so unique. We will explore what life was like on board the Titanic as a first-class passenger and as a passenger in steerage. Finally, we will take an in depth look into The Titanic's sinking. How did the world's 'unsinkable' ship, go down so quickly and who was responsible!



## MFL

In French, we will be exploring hobbies and music. We will focus on building our vocabulary, learning how to use plurals and developing our reading comprehension.



## Our Big Questions

- How and why was the Titanic built?
- Why was the Titanic such an important ship?
- How did travelling on the Titanic differ, for different classes?
- Why was the sinking of the Titanic, significant?
- Why did the Titanic sink?
- Where did the voyage go?



## TITANIC'S MAIDEN VOYAGE

Titanic was built in Belfast by the ship building company, Harland and Wolff. Considered to be unsinkable, Titanic was not only the largest but also the most luxurious passenger liner of its time. Commanded by Captain Edward J Smith, the White Star Line ship set sail on her maiden voyage on the 10 April 1912 from Southampton, enroute to New York, USA. Titanic stopped at Cherbourg, France and Queenstown, Ireland where additional passengers from countries such as France, America, England, Canada, Russia, Italy and Syria embarked to begin their journey across the Atlantic Ocean. Passengers were either returning home or were looking to emigrate and start a new life in America. There were 2240 souls on board the Titanic's maiden voyage.



# Hawks Class Knowledge Organiser



## VOCABULARY

<b>Carpathia</b>	the name of the steamship that came to the rescue upon hearing Titanic's distress calls
<b>first class</b>	the finest, most luxurious and expensive
<b>hypothermia</b>	where the body's temperature drops dangerously low (below 35°C) after a long exposure to cold conditions
<b>iceberg</b>	a large piece of ice that has broken away from a glacier and is floating at sea
<b>lifeboats</b>	small boats stored on a ship, designed to be used in an emergency at sea
<b>maiden voyage</b>	a ship's first journey
<b>Morse code</b>	a way of communicating using dots and dashes to represent letters
<b>RMS</b>	a ship that carries mail (Royal Mail Ship)
<b>second class</b>	the second-best quality and less expensive
<b>SOS</b>	the international distress code meaning Save Our Souls
<b>starboard</b>	the right-hand side of a ship
<b>Third class</b>	the cheapest and lowest quality
<b>transatlantic</b>	travelling across the Atlantic Ocean
<b>White Star Line</b>	the company who owned the Titanic

## ACCOMMODATION



**First Class**  
First-class accommodation was opulent. Passengers' suites were luxurious with their own bathrooms. They also enjoyed the delights of a private swimming pool, squash courts, a Turkish barbershop and a reading room. In the dining room, passengers dined on world-class cuisine, entertained by a live orchestra.



**Second Class**  
Second-class accommodation was less luxurious, yet it was still comfortable and spacious. Cabins contain bunkbeds with a mirror and sink but bathrooms were shared with other second-class passengers. Facilities included outdoor promenades, library and a barber shop. In the dining room, dinners were entertained by a pianist.

**Third Class**  
Third-class accommodation was basic, but more comfortable than accommodation offered by other ships. Cabins would sleep up to 10 people and were located at the bottom part of the ship (steerage). There were two baths for the whole of third-class — over 700 people. Meals were provided in the dining room as passengers were not expected to provide their own food. There was also a general room, where a piano was provided for passengers to create their own music.

## FASCINATING FACTS

- Did you know that the Titanic was 882.5 feet (269m) in length from bow to stern?
- There was a swimming pool on the Titanic.
- Did you know that Titanic had two sister ships?
- The Olympic and the Britannic.
- Titanic had 4 funnels but only 3 were functional.



**14 April 1912 AD**

**09:00**  
First iceberg warning received from Caronia

**23:37**  
Lookout, Fredrick Fleet, spots iceberg

**23:40**  
Titanic collides with an iceberg

**00:15**  
Titanic sends out first SOS message

**00:45**  
First lifeboat is lowered

**02:17**  
Titanic sends its final distress signal

**04:10**  
First lifeboat picked up by the Carpathia

**15 April 1912 AD**

**00:25**  
Carpathia, 58 miles away, receives distress calls

**02:20**  
Titanic Sinks

**18 April 1912 AD**

**21:25**  
Carpathia arrives in New York